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SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR
 (AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech II Year I Semester Supplementary Examinations July-2022
NUMERICAL METHODS AND TRANSFORMS
 (Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

(Answer all Five Units **5 x 12 = 60** Marks)**UNIT-I**

- 1** Find a real root of the equation $x e^x - \cos x = 0$ using Newton – Raphson method. **L1 12 M**

OR

- 2 a** From the following table values of x and $y = \tan x$. Interpolate values of y when $x = 0.12$. **L3 6M**

x	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30
y	0.1003	0.1511	0.2027	0.2553	0.3093

- b** Using Newton's forward interpolation formula and the given table of values **L3 6M**

x	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9
y	0.21	0.69	1.25	1.89	2.61

Obtain the value of $f(x)$ when $x = 1.4$ **UNIT-II**

- 3** Tabulate $y(0.1)$, $y(0.2)$ and $y(0.3)$ using Taylor's series method given that $y' = y^2 + x$ and $y(0) = 1$. **L4 12M**

OR

- 4** Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x} dx$ **L5 12M**

- (i) by Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's 1/3 rule.
 (ii) using Simpson's 3/8 rule and compare the result with actual value.

UNIT-III

- 5 a** Evaluate $L[e^{4t} \sin 2t \cos t]$ **L5 6M**

- b** Evaluate $L[f(t)]$, where $f(t) = t^2 e^{2t} \sin 3t$ **L5 6M**

OR

- 6** Using Laplace transform method, to solve $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 4t + 3e^{3t}$ where $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 1$. **L3 12M**

UNIT-IV

- 7 a** Find the half range cosine series for $f(x) = x$ in the interval $0 \leq x \leq \pi$. **L1 6M**
b Find a Fourier series to represent the function $f(x) = e^x$ for $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$. **L1 6M**

OR

- 8** Obtain half range Fourier cosine series of $f(x) = (x-1)^2$ in $[0, 1]$.

L2 12M

Hence show that (i) $\frac{\pi^2}{6} = \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots$ (ii) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{12}$

UNIT-V

- 9 a** Find the Fourier cosine transform of $f(x)$ defined by

L1 6M

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x, & 0 < x < a \\ 0, & x \geq a \end{cases}.$$

- b** Prove that $F[x^n f(x)] = (-i)^n \frac{d^n}{dp^n} [F(p)]$

L1 6M**OR**

- 10** Find the finite Fourier sine and cosine transform of $f(x)$ defined by $f(x) = 2x$, where $0 < x < 2\pi$.

L1 12M

*** END ***